THE NEW-YORK TRIBUNE sau-street, (opposite the City Hall.) New-York, and delivered to City Subscribers for NINE CENTS per week.—Single copies Two CENTS. Mail Subscribers, \$4.60 per nanum, in advance, and the paper in no case continued heyord the time for which it is paid. Subscriptions taken for Six Months.

THE TRIBUNE.

The Science of Neurology. To the Editor of the Tribune:

My attention has recently been called to this sciience by the preliminianry Lectures which Dr. Buchanan has been delivering at Clinton Hall. Until the arrival of Dr. B. I had no definite idea of his system. I did not indeed know that my system had been found or that his ideas were any thing more than a new edition of Mesmerism illustrated by somnambulic experiments.

Hearned to my surprise that Dr. Buchanan has sothing to do with the somnambulism, clairvoyance and purvoyance of Mesmerism-that he does not pretend to exercise any powers over any human being by the exercise of his will-and that he regards the proceedings of Mesmer and his followers as eminently unphilosophical. I have always thought that experiments made merely for the purpose of adding to our stock of the marvelous, instead of explaining the laws of Nature, were not of much service to the cause of truth. I was therefore disposed to let the operations of animal magnetism pass for the present unnoticed, and wait till the chaos had been organized into something that might properly be called a science. I was not unwilling to believe, but I could not contrive how to believe what I could not comprehend.

With these sentiments I listened to Dr. Buchananan's Lectures and was gratified to learn that he he had taken similar views. Dr. B. has taken an entirely new field in the scientific world, and enjoys the enviable distinction of having brought forth a new and wonderful science. This science, as I understand it, offers a series of principles which explains the mechanism of the human body, and developes those recondite truths which have heretofore escaped the attention of Physiologists. As I regard it, the science which Dr. Buchanan teaches is nothing more or less than Physiology, enlarged or perfected. It is that science which constitutes the foundation of Medicine-the know ledge of all the functions of the human body.-My views upon this subject have been gathered from the Doctor's Lectures, from experiments in private which I have witnessed, and from a small pamphlet in which he has laid down the outlines of his system. I consider Neurology as the complete science of the mind in connection with the body. One half of the propositions of this science go to explain the causes of all our various emotions, thoughts and feelings. This is done upon the Phrenological principle that every distinct faculty has a distinct organ in the brain. But mark the distinction between Neurology and Gall's system

Dr. Gall located the different organs by comparing the forms of different heads to ascertain what parts of the brain were large in men who had any remarkable faculty or passion. Gall's craniology was called the doctrine of the bumps, and as most persons doubted whether the bumps would indicate the true form of the brain, this procedure was considered very inaccurate and uncertain. By these observations a system of Phrenology was formed and the head mapped out into different regions corresponding to the supposed organs. Anatomists then stepped in to say that there were no gans in the brain, and that the phrenological divisions were entirely fanciful. They said, too, that if such organs did exist, the skull was too thick and irregular to admit of our judging their size with correctness by the outside of the head, and thus Phrenology, which was a groundless theo-

ry, was impracticable if true. Thus the question stood between the friends and the opponents of Phrenology, while the public looked on-willing to believe and waiting for further evidence. That evidence has now been adduced. Dr. Buchanan has discovered a species of evidence which must put to rest forever the question whether Phrenology be true or false. He hand by Galvanism, by Magnetism and by various medicinal agents, the brain can be so strongly excited as to cause all or any of its convolutions to He has written a great number of works on his

act with increased power. This increased energy of the organ makes us clearly conscious of the nature of its function and determines the exact locality of that function. It we wish to know whether the phrenological organ of Destructiveness is correctly located, Dr. Buchanan excites that part of the brain in some person who is impressible, and asks him what effect it produces upon his feelings. If the person upon whom he operates is very impressible, it will not be necessary to ask, as the feelings will be too countenance or in action. By this experiment Dr. B. has discovered that what has been called the organ of Destructiveness manifests functions of a somewhat different character, and that the true organ of Destructiveness lies in a different position from that to which it has been assigned by Phrenologists. By exciting the organ of Benevolence, Dr. B. finds that it produces kindness and all the good feelings which have been ascribed to it by Gall and his followers. Exciting the organ of Color produces a great fondness for colors; exciting Calculation produces a disposition to count or calculate; exciting Language produces a disposition to talk. Thus it is established with the most positive certainty that some of the organs given by Phrenologists are correct and others are not. Here Prestupon a solid basis. Phrenology is at last a

science of positive certainty. There are not many persons in whom the organs can be thus excited, but when they are, the results are so striking and distinct as to make a perfect demonstration of the science. Over some persons Br. B. exercises an almost necromantic influence, by the sudden excitement which he produces in the different parts of the brain. I have seen the countenance suddenly change under his operations as if he held absolute control over the feelings .-By a great number of such experiments Dr. B. has theroughly tested the whole phrenological system, and established that it contains many truths and a great many errors. As Dr. B. excites the different organs with such facility, there is no end to the number of curious experiments which may be made in this manner, or to the number of discoveries which may be thus established.

Dr. B., proceeding in a bold and philosophical ter; Brant, &c. &c. &c. &c. manner, has found this process of careful experiment upon the brain the most profound and beautiful system of mental philosophy which has yet been offered to mankind. Compared to this system, the system of Gall was but a fragment of the true philosophy. According to the system of Dr. Buchanan, the brain does not consist of a few organs lying in the manner described by the parenological bust, but consists of a great number of convolutions, which are recognized by anatomists, and which exercise different powers. The different fibres of the same convolution also have different functions. The number of different functions, therefore, is almost illimitable, instead of being confined to thirty or forty. All the elements of human nature are associated with the action of portion of the brain, and are located in the fibres of the different convolutions in a very interesting and peculiar manner. The association or cooperation of the different organs in consequence of I

OFFICE NO. 160 NASSAU-STREET. BY GREELEY & McELRATH

IMMUTABILITY OF THOUGHT.

or two before my arrival at Gottingen, and had

not then ceased to be a subject of conversation.

A young woman of four or five-and-twenty, who

could neither read nor write, was seized with a

nervous fever; during which, according to the

asseverations of all the Priests and Monks of the

neighborhood, she became possessed, and, as it

ncessantly talking Latin, Greek and Hebrew,

n very pompous tones, and with most distinct

enunciation. The case had attracted the particu-

lar attention of a young physician, and, by his

chologists visited the town, and cross-examined

this singular case on the spot. Sheets full of her

tavings were taken down from her own mouth,

and were found to consist of sentences coherent

and intelligible, each for itself, but with little or

no connection with each other. Of the Hebrew,

a small proportion only could be traced to the

Bible; the remainder seemed to be Rabbinical

dialect. All trick or conspiracy was out of the

for the patient herself was incapable of returning a

rational answer. He at length succeeded in dis-

covering the place where her parents had lived;

traveled thither, found them dead, but an uncle

he was a very good man. With great difficulty,

and after much search, our young medical phi-

osopher discovered a niece of the Pastor's, who

and lived with him as housekeeper, and had in-

perited his effects. She remembered the girl;

related that her venerable uncle had been too in-

dulgent, and could not bear to have the girl

scolded; that she was willing to have kept her,

but that after her patron's death, the girl herself

refused to stay. Anxious inquiries were then, of

course, made concerning the Pastor's habits, and

he solution of the phenomenon was soon obtained;

or it appeared, that it had been the old man's cus-

om for years, to walk up and down a passage of

his house, into which the kitchen door opened.

and read to himself, with a loud voice, out of his

favorite books. A considerable number of these

were still in the niece's possession. She added

that he was a learned man, and a great Hebraist.

Among the books were found a collection of

Rabbinical writings, together with several of the

Greek and Latin Fathers; and the physician suc-

ceeded in identifying so many passages with those

taken down at the young woman's bedside, that no

doubt could remain in any rational mind, concern-

ing the true origin of the impressions made on her

This authentic case furnishes both proof and

instance that relics of sensation may exist, for an

ndefinite time, in a latent state, in the very same

order in which they were originally impressed;

and, as we cannot rationally suppose the feverish

state of the brain to act in any other way than as

stimulus, this fact, (and it would not be difficult

o adduce several of the same kisd,) contributes to

make it even probable that all thoughts are, in

themselves, imperishable; and that if the intelli-

gent faculty should be rendered more compre-

pensive, it would require only a different and ap-

portioned organization, the body celestial instead

of the body terrestrial, to bring before every hu-

man soul the collective experience of its whole

past existence. And this-this, perchance, is the

dread book of judgement, in whose mysterious

hieroglyphics every idle word is recorded! Yea,

in the very nature of a living spirit, it may be

more possible that Heaven and Earth should pass

away, than that a single act or a single thought

The November Number of the Ameri-

can Laborer is now ready for delivery. It contains

the Speech of HENRY Maids at the opening of the Fair of

the American Institute; The Proceedings of the Home In-

dustry Convention, and Remarks of Gen. TALLMADGE: New-England Silk Convention: THE RELATIONS OF

WEALTH AND LABOR, being the Annual Address before the

American Institute, delivered on Thursday evening, Octo-

ber 20, in the Broadway Tabernacle, by H. G. O. COLBY,

of Mass.-an admirable document, and one which ought to

be read by every laboring man in the United States; GOV-

ERNOR SEWARD'S ADDRESS at the ANNUAL FAIR of

the New-York State Agricultural Society, delivered at

Albany on the 29th day of September last; this Address is

worth more to every farmer and tiller of the soil, than the

entire cost of the Laborer for the year; PROTECTION-

WOOL and WOOLENS; Speech of Mr. Slade of Ver-

mont on the Tariff Bill. In this Speech Mr. Slade stands

up as the Representative of the Farmers, and most ably does

he vindicate their rights and show how their interests are

The American Laborer is devoted exclusively to the ad-

vocacy and illustration of the Protection of Home Industry.

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form, and in a familiar and practical manner, the most di-

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D' Doctor Lardner's Lectures.-The second

edition of Doctor Lardner's complete Course of Lectures

delivered in the City of New-York is published and for sale

at this office. Price 25 cents The subjects embraced in

the Lectures are : Electricity-The Sun-Galvanism-The Fixed Stars-Magnetic Needle-Latitude and Longitude-

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Dew-Science aided by Art-Scientific Discoveries-Sound

-Vibrations of the Retina; Voltaic Battery-Steam Engine

WORMONISM EXPOSED.—The

History of The Sains, or an Expose of Joe Smith and Mormonism, by Gen. John Bennett, M. D., embellished with two handsome steel engravings, representing Gen. Bennett and Joe Smith in full uniform; plan of the city of Nauvoo, Mormoo Temple, Baptismal Font, The Saints,

Nauvoo, Mormoo Tempie, Baptismal Font, The Sand-Destroying Angels in the act of murdering a man, Order Lodge, in which is represented the admission of a candidate to the office of the Priesthood, &c. Received and for sale by BRADBURY, SODEN & CO.

Coughs and Colds.

CHERRY will be found the great remedy. Persons who have abused themselves by the use of ardent spirits, will

127 Nassau-street, New York, and 10 School-street, Boston.

of Great Britain and America.

affected by a proper Tariff.

United States.

Coleridge.

ervous system.

should be lost.

A case occurred in a town in Germany, a year

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 16, 1847.

their positions makes a very interesting department of this new philosophy. The principles of co-operation established by Dr. B. are peculiarly eautiful and simple. His doctrines, extensive and beautiful as they are, are tenfold more valuable from the fact that they are all the result of experiment, which fixes them beyond the possibility of

VOL. II. NO. 188.

But, as I have already remarked, the phrenolegical principles constitute only one-half of the new system which relates as much to physiology, and which makes as great a revolution in that science as in the principles and details of phrenology.

TOLLS ON THE NEW-YORK CANALS.—The Whig Canal Board in their celebrated Report in 1840, on the subject of the Enlargement of the Erie Canal and the future prospects of income from all of the State Canals, made an estimate of the probable receipts for tolls, on the basis of an increase of 74 per cent annually for 10 years, as then proved

by the experience of a few past years. The following was their estimate of Canal receipts for each year from 1840 to 1846-compared with 7 years previous:

Receipts for Tolls.	Estimated Receipts for Tolls.
In 1830 \$990,843	In 1840 \$1,733,975
" 18311,187,139	" 18412,077,493
" 18321,059,006	" 18421,853,261
" 18331,317,258	" 18432,305,201
" 18341,305,573	" 18442,284,752
" 18351,395 306	" 1845 2,441,786
" 18361,504,384	" 18462,632,672
(m)	

The actual receipts in 1840 were \$1,775,747, and in 1841 \$2,034,882; the present year it is probable they will amount to about \$1,750,000; thus showing a result for three years comparing more remarkably close with the estimate, than any similar document on record with which we are acuainted. It will be recollected that it was made by Mr. S. B. Ruggles and his associates in the Canal Board, who have since been the constant heme of abuse and misrepresentation in the Alnany Argus, by the enemies of our Canal Commis-

This calculation of the Whig Canal Board contrasts favorably with that of our Governor elect Wm. C. Bouck, and his Loco Foco associates, with regard to the cost of the Erie Canal Enlargement. Their estimate was \$12,416,150, whereas the cost, as proved by contracts, will amount to at least twenty-four millions, making the trifling difference of about twelve millions of dollars, or nearly one hundred per cent. more than the estimate of these Lego-Foco Canal Commissioners.

MR. MILLER, THE WORLD-DESTROYER .- An exchange paper states the following facts respecting this personage :- He owns a farm near Whitehall in this State, around which he is building a very substantial brick wall. A person offered him \$2,000 for the farm, and not to take possession till after 1843: the prudent prophet refused, however, alleging that such an offer, depending as it loes, upon a future event, is nothing more than gambling.

This manifests but little faith in his own predic ions. He was born in Pittsfield, Massachusetts, in 1781, and is, consequently, sixty one years of age. At thirty he entered the army, and was present in several actions on the frontier during the late war with Great Britain. He was then a very wild character, and his religious opinions were very loose. He had reached the grade of Captain, when, at the close of the war, he left the ar my, and settled at Hampton, near Whitehall. He was made Sheriff of the county in which he resided. He still owns the farm upon which he first settled at this place. About thirty years ago, he set about searching the Scriptures with a view to refute them, and this gave him his extensive knowledge of the prophecies. In 1816 he was converted, and ever since then became a close student of the prophecies and of history. In 1822, he says, he became fully convinced that the world has discovered that by the influence of the human | would come to an end in 1943; and about six or seven years afterward he began to preach and write about it, and continued to do so till this day. neculiar views.

Only Twelve and a Half Cents!! BJ THE WHIG ALMANAC and UNITED STATES REGISTER FOR THE YEAR 1843, contains a table showing the population of the United States, by States and total; also the population of the Cities and larger towns in the United States; also the population of the State of New-York, by Counties; Eclipses, Planets, &c. &c.; Calendar of the months in 1843, with calculations for each section of the Union; Diary of Remarkable Events, &c.; List of Officers of the Government of the U. S., Executive, Judicial and Diplomatic; Senate strong to be restrained and will be displayed in the and House of Representatives till March 4th, 1843; an article on the Protection of Home Industry, being a careful summary of the considerations which impel us to cherish the policy of Protestion, with a brief review of the reasons usually opposed thereto, by Horace Greeley; General Jackson's Letter in support of Protection; Extracts from the Messages of Washington, Jefferson, Madison, Monroe, J. Q. Adams, Jackson and Tyler, in favor of ditto; Facts for Farmers; Manufactures of the U. S.; the Elements and Names of Parties; Votes for President and Vice President at all the elections under the Federal Constitution; Votes this end it embodies the ablest Speeches, Reports, Statistics and Property Inc. 12 of the policy of Protecting the Industry of our own People. To policy of Protecting the Industry of our own People. To this end it embodies the ablest Speeches, Reports, Statistics and People of Protecting the Industry of our own People. for Governors, &c. and for President in the State of New- and other documents on the subject. York; the Grounds of Difference between the contending parties; Memoirs of Henry Clay; the new Apportionment of Congress; complete Electica Returns of the Union, by States and Counties; total Votes for President in 1895 and 1849, by States and aggregate; Times of Holding Elections in each State; Anecdotes, Epigrams, and Humors of the

Times.

This Almanac forms a very complete Register for the year, and will be found very convenient in the counting. room, the workshop, or at the fireside of the farmer. The reading matter alone is worth double the price of the work, while the statistics contained in it cannot be purchased in

any other shape for five times the money. D' Price per single copy, 121 cents; \$7 per 160, or \$65 per 1,000. It is for sale in the principal Cities of the Union by the Agents of The Tribune, and may be purchased, either at wholesale or retail, from most of the Booksellers in the United States.

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The November Number of the Southern Literary Messenger is for sale at this office.

CONTENTS 1. THE HUNCHEACK : A PENNSYLVANIAN STORY .- A CONsultation between two Torics and an Iroquois Chief: The bloody designs of the Tories; How Thayendenegea opposeb them; His influence over his Warriors; How he was employed by the British; How the Indian scalps the head, and the white man the heart: A Plot; A Dialogue; Popper and the Scout; Footsteps heard; Walnesley and his Daugh-

2 DESCRIPTION OF NAPLES.-The levely scenes round about; Its beds of Lava; Volcanoes; The Cheap Theaires, &c. &c. &c. &c. &c.

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9, 10, 11 and 12. Notices of New Works. 13 to 31. Nineteen pieces of original Poetry. For sale, wholesale and retail, at the office of the Tribune Tribune Buildings, opposite City Hail, by GREELEY & MGELRATH. nU

ET Bedding & Co., American and Foreign Newsper and Periodical Depot, and General Agency Office, o. 8 State-street, Boston.

NEW-YORK TRIBUNE

DAILY AND WEEKLY. The Publishers of The New-York Daily Tribune respectfally announce to their readers and the public that they have made arrangements for the opening winter as follows: AT WASHINGTON-1. A careful report of the daily proceedings of Congress will be made up expressly for The Tribune, so as to appear in its columns at the earliest mo ment. This department will be in the hands of the same appeared, by a very learned devil. She continued gentleman who so ably and satisfactorily filled it through the last two Sessions.

2. A gentleman well informed on all Public topics and of eminent standing in the Political circles of the Metropo lis, will act as our Confidential Correspondent, furnishing early advices of all Political movements in contemplation statement, many eminent physiologists and psywhether with reference to the Legislative action of Congress, the corrupt vagaries of Tylerism, or to the warning intrigues and managuvres of the partisans of the rival Loco-

Foco aspirants to the Presidency.

AT NEW-YORK-1. In addition to our usual departments an experienced and most capable Assistant Editor will attendall the Lectures of the Winter which shall possess a general interest, to report them either in full or in substance. as their character and worth shall seem to require. In this department, The Tribune achieved an acknowledged supremacy last winter: it is our purpose to confirm it this

question. Not only had the young woman ever 2. Another Assistant gives undivided attention to the Markets of our own and other Cities, taking accounts of Areen a harmless, simple creature, but she was evidently laboring under a nervous fever. In the rivais and Sales of Produce and Merchandize, with all opetown in which she had been residing for so many rations in Goods, Stocks, Currency, Exchanges, &c. &c., years, as a servant in different families, no soluwhich shall be worthy of record. In this department we tion presented itself. The young physician, howendeavor to be more precise than any other paper. ever, determined to trace her past life, step by step; 3. Our Reviews and Literary Intelligence we design to

render fuller and earlier than tho se of most journals. AT BOSTON-We have an excilent Correspondent, will transmit us from week to week brief summaries of the ablest and most striking Lectures, Discourses, &c. &c., with accounts of what is doing in every department of Moral and Intellectual effort.

surviving; and from him learned that the patient had been charitably taken by an old Protestant AT ALBANY .- We have yet to perfect arrangements for Pastor at nine years old, and had remained with early and graphic advices of the manner in which Locoim some years, even till the old man's death. Focoism shall dispense its newly acquired 'Speils,' and carry out to completion its Stop-and-Tax policy. We shall Of this Pastor the uncle knew nothing, but that

take care to be well represented there. AT HOME AND EVERYWHERE-though we hope for a sea son to have less occasion than hitherto for devoting our columns to Political controversy-The Tribune will conmue the ardent, unswerving, undaunted, determined advocate of WHIG Principles and Measures, and of the election of HENRY CLAY as President in 1844. Recent events, however discouraging in the view of the short-sighted, have but strengthened our confidence in the speedy triumph of those Principles, and our conviction that HENRY CLAY and he only can rally around him the now scattered hosts of the victors of 1340, and lead them on to a new triumph, as signal, as glorious, but more enduring and beneficent

THE TRIBUNE will be published Daily on a large royal sheet at Fire Dollars per annum to Mail Subscribers, isstead of Four as hitherto. We have found by experience that the latter sum is not a living price for \$12 newspapers, which must be mailed (many of them singly) as well as printed between midnight and day break.—The increase of our Mail subscriptions has been very rapid, and the present number is quite large, but not at all to our pecuniary advantage. All subscriptions received before the 1st of December, however, as well as all hitherto received, will be served for the full term of advance payment at \$4 per an num. (In this City the price will be 9 cents per week, and for single capies two cents each, as hitherto.)

The WREKLY TRIBUNE-just twice the size of the Dailycontains eight royal pages, or forty-eight double-folio col. umns of closely printed matter, comprising all that appears in the Daily which is not of local or ephemeral interest, with a larger amount of Literary matter-Tales, Poems Reviews, Descriptive Letters, &c .- than we can make room for in the Daily. All the Reports of Lectures, abstracts of Congressional and Legislative Proceedings, Editorials, Foreign News, &c. &c. that appear in the Dally will be regularly transferred to the Weekly, which is made up every Thursday morning and forwarded by the afternoon Mails of that day, so as to reach most of its subscribers by or be-

The Weekly Tribune is afforded for \$2 per annum, six copies for \$10, ten copies for \$15, and any larger number at the rate of \$1.50 each per annum. Every practicable encouragement will be given to those who will aid in extend-, but all our dealings are strictly on the Cash principle, and every paper is stopped as soon as the advance payment has run out. Post-Master and others enclosing \$10 free of postage to us shall receive two Dailies and one Weekiy Tribune for one year. On the above terms, subscriptions are respectfully solicited by

GREELEY & McELRATH, 160 Nassau-st. in front of the Park and opposite the City Hall. New-York, Nov. 15, 1842.

FFECTIONS OF THE LIVER. A FFECTIONS OF THE LIVER. —

Every invalid should read and reflect, if they desire
a restoration to health.—I venture to affirm, says an eminwriter, that the grandsource of heal hand disease is conent writer, that the grandsource of heal hand disease is con-sected with the natural or disordered function of the liver, and that every chronic or lingering illness arises from some defect there. Chronic Hepatitis the most frequent form of the diseas- in this country, is slow in its progressive stages. The organ of attack will be for years suffering under its under-mining influence, and yet no real disease will indicate to the patient the alarming state under which he is laboring; any patient the alarming state under which he is laboring; any transient hodisposition be imputes to a different cause, never suspecting that the liver being affected is the latent source of these disturbed sensations; thus mish d, it is not in his power to take the necessary precautions to guard against this insidious enemy to his repose. The symptoms of this disease are often slight and left for a considerable time, such as fulness after meals, accompanied by oppression, a feeling of vacuity at the pit of the stomach, the mind become intable memory defective, incapacity for mental omes irritable, memory defective, incapacity for mental comes irritable, memory detective, incapacity for mental exertion prevails, the appetite becomes variable, tongue turred, mouth clammy, taste vitiated, slight noise causes a start, sleep disturbed with frightful dreams, occasionally an ob use pain in the right side, extending to the top of the shoulder, cramp or spasms is often experienced, and nervous twitching of the muscles and achieg pain of the limb, nervous or sick headache is generally caused by it. It of the processing the form of courts asking as a diseased ten appears in the form of cough, ash hma, &c. as diseased state of the liver, either by sympathy or pressure induces a state of the liver, either by sympany or pressure induces a derangement of the functions of the lungs and occasions these disorders. By changing the morbid state of the liver, the irritation of the lungs immediately gives way. The liver is indeed connection, primarily or secondarily, as cause or effect, with various diseases of the head as well as other

parts of the system.

From these views, then, there can be no doubt that the disorders of the liver are of the first importance, and every effort used to remedy them should be conducted on rational.

the constitution by procrestination.

As a remedy peculiarly adapted to the cure of liver affections, Dr. Starkweather's Hepatic Elixir has proved to be the most potent and efficacious, and every day's experience confirms more positively this assertion. It is candidly believed that no preparation has ever been before the public that has met with such unexampled approbation from distinguished sources, distinguished judges, and grateful patients as this medicine, and a greater amount of suffering The whole work is to comprise a large octavo volume of near 400 pages, and is published in parts every month -Seven numbers are already out and ready for delivery .-Price for the whole twelve numbers only 75 cents, being the cheapest publication of the kind ever published in the tients as this medicine, and a greater amount of suffering has been mitigated and more cures permanently effected by it than any other medicine extant.

So confident is the proprietor of its curative properties in the proprietor of its curative properties to his IF Eight numbers of this work are now published. Price 64 cents per number. Back numbers can be supplied

every case, that when the raedicine is used according to his directions and the patient is not satisfied or convinced, after using one bettle, that it has produced a beneficial effect, his agents are authorised to refund the money paid for it on reirn of the empty bottle.
For sale by CHARLES DYER, Jr., General Agent for

the United States, 42 Westminster st. Providence, R. I. Sold at wholesale and retail by the agents, A. B. & D. SANDS, Druggists, No. 78 Fulton-st. corner of Gold-st. and No. 160 Pulton st. Also sold by David Sands & Co. No. 77 corner of Market street; Abraham B. East Broadway, corner of Market street; Auranam ... Sands & Co. No. 273 Broadway, Granite Buildings, corner R11 Im DEAFNESS CURED.—SCARPA'S

ACOUSTIC OIL—For the cure of Deafness, pains, and the discharge of matter from the Ears; also, all those disagreeable neises like the buzzing of insects, falling of water, whizzing of steam, &c. &c. which are symptoms of approaching deafness, and also generally attendant with the disease. Many persons who have been deaf for ten, fitten and twenty years, and were obliged to use ear-trumpets, have, after using one or two bottles, thrown aside their trumpets, being made perfectly well. Physicians and surgeo-shighly recommend its use. For sale by Dr. JAYNE, No. 29 South Third street, Philadelphia.

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the one stoor below Arch-street, Philadelphia, the most
certain and best FAMILY MEDICINE, for Coughs, Colds,
Spiring Blood, Throat and Lung Diseases, a rising sensation like choking, tickling, or unpleasant obstructions. For
the above, Dr. Swayne's COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD
COMPANY AND ASSESS OF STREET OF STREET OF STREET

The Coughs and Colds.

The control of the Colds of the C DETERS'S MEDICATED LOZEN GES.—There needs no argument beyond a simple, fair, candid trial, to prove to a demonstration that Peters's Lozenges are among the very best medicated preparations ever made. While their taste, which is agreeable, gives them ever made. While their taste, which is agreeable, gives them advantage over every other medicine now in use, the great variety of their ingredients renders them efficacions to an extent elsewhere unknown. His Gongh Lozenges, for instance, cure Colds, Asthma, Catarrin, Bronchitts, and all complaints of a Pulmonary origin. Then his Worm Lozenges relieve children of the terrible distress, the convulsive pains, the broken sleep and headache, which always attend the presence of worms. Thus all his Lozenges in fact, are suitable to some particular disease, which they completely remove. Warehouse, 125 Pulton-st.

OLY ES.

bave abused themselves by the use of ardent spirits, will find both their strength and resolution much improved by lea ing off the spirits and taking a draft occasionally of the above restorative. All preparations from this valuable tree, except the above, may be considered spurious or counterfeit. The real article may had of the following Agents, or at No. 54 North Sixth street, Philadelphia.

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ohn Mason, Patterson. POLLED AND PLATED BRASS.—

A first rate article of Rolled and Plated Brass, can
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near Wooster, at the lowest market prices. Likewise a very
superior article of Cooper's Brass. SHEATHING COPPER.—100 cases English, from 14 to 32 cances, for sale by GRINNELL, MINTURN & CO., 73 South-st.

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SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA. OR THE RENOVAL AND PERMANENT CURE OF ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM AN IMPURE STATE OF THE BLOOD, OR HABIT OF THE SYSTEM, NAMELY: ROFULA, OR KING'S EVIL, RHEUMATISM, OBSTINATE CUTA:

FOUR DOLLARS A YEAR.

NEOUS ERUPTIONS, PIMPLES, OR PUSTULES ON THE FACE, BLOTCHES, BILES, CHRONIC SORE EYES, RING WORM OR TETTER, SCALD HEAD, ENLARGEMENT OF THE BONES AND JOINTS, STUBBORN ULCERS, SYPH-ILITIC SYMPTOMS, SCIATICA OR LUMBA-60, and diseases arising from an inju-

dicious use of Mercury, Ascitics, or Dropsy, exposure or imprudence in life. Also, Chronic Consti-tional Disorders will be re-

tional Disorders will be removed by this preparation.

WONDERFUL EFFECTS OF SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA IN NORWICH.

Read the following from Mrs. Wm. Phillips, who has long resided at the Falls. The facts are well known to all the old residents in that part of the city.

MESSES, A. B. SANDS & CO., SIRS: Most gratefully do I embrace this opportunity for stating to you the great relief I obtained from the use of your Sarsaparilla. I shall also be happy, through you, to publish to all who are afflicted, as I lately was, the account of my unexpected, and even for a long while despaired of cure. Mine is a pairal story and trying and sickening as is the narrative of it, for the

for a long while despaired of cure. Mine is a painful story and trying and sickening as is the narrative of it, for the sake of many who may be so surely relieved, I will briefly yet accurately state it.

Nineteen years ago last April a fit of sickness left me with an Erysipelas eruption. Dropsical collections immediately took place over the entire surface of my body, causing such an enlargement that it was necessary to add a half yard to the size of my dresses around the waist. Next followed, upon my limbs, ulcers, painful beyond description. For years, both in summer and winter, the only mitigation ellows and entire my suffering was found in pouring upon those parts cold my suffering was found in pouring upon those parts cold water. From my limbs the pain extended over my whole body. There was interatiy for me no rest, by day or by night. Upon lying down these pains would shoot through my system, and compel me arise, and, for hours together

my system, and compel me arise, and, for hours together, walk the house, so that I was almost entirely deprived of sleep. During this time the Erysipelas continued active, and the ulcers enlarged, and so devply have these eaten that for two and a half years they have been subject to bleeding. During these almost twenty years I have consuited many physicians. These have called my disease—as it was attended with an obstinate cough, and a steady and active pain in my side—a dropsical consumption; and though they have been skilful practitioners, they were only able to afford my case a partial and temporary relief. I had raany other difficulties to complicated to describe. I have also used many of the mediciness that have been recommended as intallible cures for this disease, yet these all failed, and I was most emphatically growing worse. In this critical condition, given up by friends, and expecting for myself, relief only in death, I was by the timely interposition of a kind Providence, turnished with your, to me invaluable Sarraparilla. A single bottle gave me an assurance of health, which for twenty years I had not once felt Upon taking the second, my enlargement diminished, Upon taking the second, my enlargement diminished, and in twelve days from the 8th October, when I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, I was able to enjoy sleep andrest, by night, as retreshing as any Lever enjoyed when in perfect health. Besides, I was, in this short time, relieved from all those exerutiating and unalleviated pains that had afflicted my days, as well as robbed me of my night's repose. The ulcers upon my limbs are healed the Erysipeias cured, and my size reduced nearly to my

former measure.

Thus much do I feel it a privilege to testify to the efficacy of your health-restoring Sarsaparilla. A thousane thanks, sirs, from one whose comfort and whose hope of future health are due, under God, to your instrumentality.

future health are due, under God, to your instrumentality.
And may the same Providence that directed me to you
aid, make you the happy and honored instruments of blessing others, as diseased and despairing as your much relieved and very grateful friend.

ASENATH M. PHILLIPS.

NEW LONDON, Co. ss, Norwich, Nov. 4, 1842.

Personally appeared, the above-named Asenath M. Phil
lips, and made oath to the facts contained in the to egoing
statement before me.

RUFUS W. MATHEWSON,
Justice of the Peace.

Being personally acquainted with Mrs. Phillips, I certify that the above asserted facts are substantially true.

WM. H. RICHABDS,

Minister of the Gospel at Norwich, Conn.

L. Another proof of the superior value and efficiency of this preparation.

this preparation.

New-York, Oct. 19, 1842.

Messrs. Sands—Gentlemen: If you alone were concerned in the present statement, the great inducement for making it would be removed; for of course no testimony can strengthen your own convictious in relation to the value and efficiency of your Sarsaparilla, which has already proved such a blessing to the many hundreds who have used it. But I have looked upon the world encircling it its arms thousands bowed down with ufferings similar to my own, who would gladly hasten to the same source that restored my health, if they were persuaded they would meet with the same happy results. Therefore, gentlemen, it is that those thousands may be convinced, and pront by it is that those thousands may be convinced, and pront by their conviction as I have done, that induces me to state be fore the world a period of suffering such as few have known, and the permanent relief I received from your suspanish. But how shall I begin, or how describe those exercising against that switzed moon my frame. East, excruciating agonies that seized upon my frame matism, caused, I have reason to believe, by a severe coor contracted while nursing one of my children, who was then

contracted while nursing one of my children, who was then very ill.

My suffering soon became intense, everywhere I seemed diseased. For five months I was unable to wall, and to six weeks did not lie upon a bed, but was obliged to remain In a sitting posture, that being less agonizing than any other. My whole body was so sore and racked with pain that the slightest touch caused inexpressible distress. For a period of many months I did not sleep but two nights, and the only rest I obtained was during the day, when nature became exhausted and I feli into a stumber, from which I was soon awakened by the beating and throbbing pain. My limbs were swollen and my shoulders drawn out of place, and altogether I was rendered entirely helpless. I obtained the best medical advice, but without receiving any permanent relief. The rheumatism being combined with a sweling and painful affection of the joints, rendered itstllt werse. Tumors formed under the skin, round my head, which are the targing and lanciating mains similar to scrofula o Tumors formed under the skin, round my head, which caused burning and lanciating pains similar to scrofula o

the glands.

My groans at night caused the watchman to stop in the street as he passed by; and when many of my friends residing in Poughkeepsie last visited me, they bid me fare well, as they then thought for ever; and once the family assembled in the room to watch the last spark of life go out. But the fiame of life again glared up within me; and soon after this I heard of your Sarsaparilla, and determined to try it; and behold the result. After taking one bottle the pain left me, and I was able to walk and sleep. I could scarcely realize the transition—so sudden, so complete. After using four or five bottles, I was entirely cured. And are you alone, gentlemen, concerned to know it! I think not; and this language is too mild for the occasion. For I know that the medicine that possesses the power to care me is capable of conferring the same blessing up—thousands of otners suffering—perhaps dying; therefor there are all concerned to know that they can be cured. In act, all are concerned in the discovery of anything that tends to promote the happiness of the human race; for we are social beings, and cannot suffer atone. Persons may doubt this statement if they will, and go on and suffer and die. I have discharged a duty which I felt incombent upon me in mak ing it known for the benefit of those who choose to believe it. And when I look into the past—upon those solitary days and sleepless nights—I thank God that I as as a lam. And I thank you, gentemen, that you kave made science minister unto our infirmities, and I, for one, will proclaim the fact.

Respectfully. My groans at night caused the watchman to stop in the

Respectfully, ANN BROWN, 479 Houston-street. Prepared and sold, wholesale and retail, and for exportation, by A. B. SANDS & CO., Druggis.s and Chemists, Granite Buildings, No. 273 Broadway, corner of Chambers street, New-York. Sold also by A. B. & D. Sands, Druggists, Nws. 79 and 100 Fulton-street; David Sands & Co., No. 77 East Broadway, corner of Market-street, Price \$1-6 intitle for \$5. ottles for \$5.

LIAYDEN'S Premium Pens .- A Silver Medal was awarded J. Hayden for his "very superior Pens" by the American Institute at its last Fair. The Government have given them the Preference, and the best accountants and many of the public institutions will use no accommants and many of the public institutions will use no other Pens. They have justly obtained the highest reputation, and are not surpassed if equaled by any in the country. The trade are supplied at the Manufacturer's prices by the agents

Agents also for Silliman's School and Counting-house in Stards

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Gentlemen can have Bortsmade to order in the best man

Gai-Skill BOOS. From \$2 50 to \$2 75
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Pumps and Slippers, &c. &c. proportionably Low.
Terms, Cash on Delivery. JOHN L. WATKINS,
my10 114 Fulton at between Nassau and Dutch.

TO AGRICULTURISTS .- The pub-I lishers of the American Agriculturist would respect Insiet the attention of Farmers and others engaged in Agricultural pursuits, to the abovementioned work.

The following are a few of the many favorable notices

which this wors has received:

"The Agriculturist appears to be edited with that kind of ability and practical knowledge, that must place it among the foremost rank with similar periodicals in our country."

[Wayne County Recors, Indiana.

"From the known ability of the editors, we have no doubt this will prove a most useful paper, and worthy the patronage of the agriculturist. We hall the appearance of this journal as another evidence of the interest which is mani-

fested in the subject of Agriculture."
[Central Farmer, Rome, New-York. "From a careful perusal of the contents of the American Agriculturist, we lesitate not to say, it blds for to become a most valuable acquisition to any farmer, who does not ala most variable acquiretion to any tarinet ready know too much to acquire further knowledge in his avocation." [The Jeffersonian, Mansfield, Ohio.

The above work is published monthly (each number to contain 32 pages royal octave) at the low rate of \$1 per annum.

SAXTON & MILES, Publishers, 205 Broadway.

S. & M. have constantly on hand all the popular works relating to Agriculture in all its branches.

DARR'S PILLS .- From Mr. Noble,

"To the Proprietors of Parr's Life Pills: Gentiemen-daving heard of the entraordinary and unexpected on en my hiend Mr. Somerville, by the use of Parr's Life Pills. my friend Mr. Somerville, by the use of Pair's Life Fills, I applied to him for the particulars of his case, which he has sindly furnished. To his very locid and straking statements (which I encl. se) I can add nothing: they speak for theuselves. But I may observe, that on his leaving Lincolnshire it was the decided impression of all his triends, ooth in Boston and Stamford, where he is well know, that his recovery was entirely hopeless—in fact that he was just going home to die, his appearance every way indicating an advanced stage of consumption. advanced stage of consumption.

Please to send me 100 dozen boxes of Parr's Pills, small

my sale since last August has been 18,308 boxes!
"Gentlemen, yours, taithfully, John Norls,
"Wholesale and retail Agent, Boston."

From Mr. Peter Someaville, of Helensburgh, near Edin-burgh, addressed to Mr. John Noble, Bookseiler, Boston Lincolnshire:

Lincolnshire:

"Spring Bank Cottage, Helensburgh, Aug. 18, 1842

"My Dear Mr. Noble: Your sind letter I duly received and would have answered it immediately, but for a circumstance I have delayed until new. I can assure you notking gives me more pleasure than to bear witness to all and survey, the real, and, I am now satisfied, the lasting good I have received from the use of rarr's Life Pilis. Some of until the pool of the property of the worderful effects produced on the produced of the have received from the use of Farr's Life Phis. Some of unfiriends observing the wonderful effects produced on methrough them, urged me strongly to make my case known to encourage others afficted with coughs, &c., to give them a trial; and I was glad to receive from you the same request, as you will be able to manage it for me. I sam rather at a loss lest I should fail in giving fall justice to the efficiency of these Pills over all the medicines I have tried to: my complaint, and you know I have now had nearly two years' trial of medical prescriptions for my cough and lia-bility to catch colds, without being one whit better, but 1 bility to catch colds, without being one whit better, but a believe worse; and the last physician I consuited laughed at my ignorance when I asked him if there was nothing last physic that would operate as a preventive against taking cold. He shook his bead and said 'No, no; there is no such medicine.' Now, if he had been acquainted with Parr's Life Pills, he would have said, 'Yes, yes; there is such a thing;' and instead of recommended them as an effectual medicine for cough, pluerby and spitting of blood, for that was the three-fold form of my complaint. The cough had become so troublesome that my sleep was moken by continued fits of coughing; my liability to cond and inflammation was so great that a change in the weather, or a walk, or any little exertion, would lay me up, and the saul routine of fasting, purging and blistering had to be nonths, and then speaking aloud or reading aloud made me resorted to. This I has four times in the course of two nonths, and then speaking aloud or reading aloud made me a great deal worse, and my strength was so har gone that any little exertion in walking or working was quite sufficient for me. Now look at the change! Before I had taken two small boxes of the Pills, my strength was so far recovered that I commenced to work ten hours a day, and scarcely ever left wearied, and have done so for these five weeks past; and then as to there belga a preventive against cold, I may just mention that the place I went to work in was a school-house, just building; the roof was on it, but as yet there were none of the windows in it, and the draught was very great, more especially as I had never before wrought under such circumstances; yee I wrought, and an still working there without having taken c-id that way.

"When I began to take Parr's Pills, I gave up at the same time the use of tea and coffee, which I believe belped me greatly in getting rid of my complaint. I am tulty satisfied

greatly in getting rid of my complaint. I am fully satisfied the use of tra, especially, is a very bad taing for a court, as I always found my cough much worse after taking tea. The great good that I have derived from Parr's Pills may

The great good that I have derived from Parr's Pills may be summed up in a few words:

"First, they increased my strength; all other medicines had a weakening effect upon me but them. I take three, lour, and sometimes five pills every twenty-four hours, and instead of being weakened by them, they rather in their operation revive the animal spirits and impart lasting strength to the body.

"Secondly, they go direct to the cough. I had not taken it Pills before I felt the cough shaking; its hold upon me became looser and looser every dose I took, and the first, or it may be the second Sunday after I had begun taking them, my friends were remarking to me the great and bap-

them, my friends were remarking to me the great and hap-py change in my cough, as during the meeting I had carcely coughed any, while previous to taking them it used to be the great disturber of the meetings by my com-

"Thirdly, they healed the spitting of bood, and changed completely the hature of the expectoration. This was previously so bad that the doctors agreed from this that my ungs were diseased; and the last advice I got from the loctor was, 'You must take great care of yourself, for your ings are affected.' Now, whether my lungs are affected in not, I do not pretend to judge, but this I say, that he the use of Parr's Life Pills these two bad symptoms are re-

"Fourthly, they (Parr's Pills) have restored my voice its natural tone and strength. This all my triends were re-narking who heard me speak in the meeting the other day, and who previously had noticed the weakness of my voice. "Fifthly, by the use of Parr's Pills my natural color is re-

"Fifthly, by the use of Parr's Pills my natural color is restored. Before taking them my eyes were languid and dull, over color was low and deathlike, so much so that a lady told me last week that when she saw me about three months ago she really had little or no hopes of my recovery; whereas now my color is healthy, my eyes bright, and the same lady says I am now beginning to get flesh on my face, the cheeks of which were greatly sunk.

"My dear Mr. Noble, I am afraid you will be thred reading this long letter. Other particulars I might mestion, but will finish by expressing my heartfelt thanks to the Proprietors of Parr's Life Pills, as to them under God I owe he greatest blessing but one—bodily health, the one blessing, which no medicine can bring, I trust you are continually enjoying—health to the sou, to be found only in the ight of His countenance whose loving kindness is better than life. I remain most affectionately yours.

ight of His constenance whose loving annaes is better than life. I remain most affectionately yours, n? Im Rushton & Aspinwa'l, Drugzists and Chemists, 86 William street, 110 Broadway and It Astor House.

Abraham B. sands & Co., Druggists and Chemists, Granite Buildings, 273 Broadway, corner of Chambers-street.

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1. B. Tripler, corner of Fulion and Water-streets.

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G. MOFFETT, 121 Prince-street, near Woosing would particularly call the attention of Hardware Design and Manufacturers to his superior article of German Silves which he offers for sale wholesale and retail, of all think esses, and warrests it equal to any, either Foreign or De-testic. For or and softness. OARD.—A gentleman and his wife and

D a few single gentlemen can have plessant rooms and good board at 77 Murray-street. A few day boarders can also be accommodated.

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